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# MRYDO

Annual Report for FY-2015-16

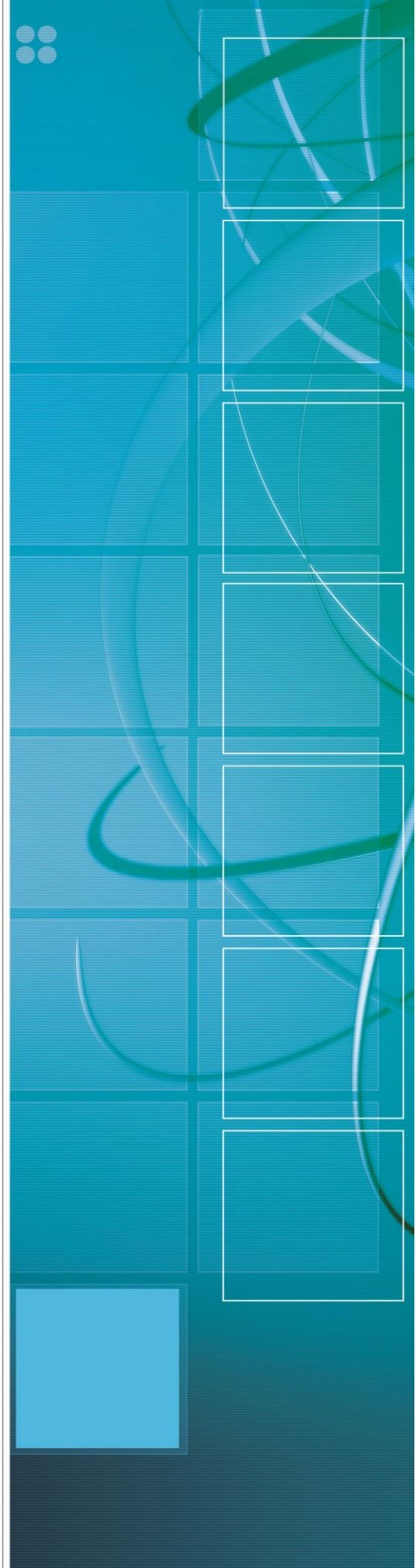
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## कार्यकारी निदेशक का सन्देश

Shri Om  
*Master in Social Work (MSW)*

When I look back I remember the days when MRYDO (Model Rural Youth Development Organization) started with all its youth board members in 1986, this come to existence after when a plane crashed in Najafgarh area. The local youth supported the people who were injured in this incident. Today all these youth are successful citizens.

An effort that started in Rural Najafgah in 1986, today it has spread to whole Delhi, Haryana and Punjab, touching the lives of thousands of the women, adolescents, youth, children, lactating mothers and poor people living in slums. As of this year, Model Rural Youth Development Organization served as a leader in women's empowerment, child development and child rights, Health and hygiene, water and sanitation, dalit and other marginalized communities living in urban slum and unemployed youth. MRYDO uses holistic working approaches in a variety of field, Education, health, livelihood promoting, and advocacy and networking.

During the reporting year 2015-16, MRYDO has implemented many new projects and expanded continuation of the ongoing projects. The biggest achievement of MRYDO, this year, includes the successful completion of two projects and initiated two new projects based on Health and education. MRYDO intervention area has expanded both geographically and programmatically this year.

For MRYDO, it has been a rather satisfying year in term of business operations. MRYDO's turnover raised from Rs 1.26 Crore to Rs.2.23 Crore in the year 2015-16. I am indeed grateful to all stakeholders who have reposed their confidence by working with MRYDO.

I wish to thank all my colleagues and executive body members who have provided their useful insights and inputs and have richly contributed and guided the organization in the journey to bring about social change in the lives of marginalized and poor communities. I compliment all staff members of MRYDO who have done well to help the organization sustain while adhering to the values and mission of the Organization.

Shri Om  
Director –Model Rural Youth Development Organization

## Preface:

The journey of Model Rural Youth Development Organization (MRYDO) entered its 30<sup>th</sup> year and has covered a long way in its endeavor to serve the most marginalized communities of the Society. From the beginning, MRDYO has tried to follow the path shown by its founder members and has tried to leave its footprints to ensure integrated urban and rural development.

In its journey to serve the marginalized sections, MRDYO takes pride for its commitment to achieve the goals set during the inception of the organization. But at the same time we are also fully aware of the fact that what we have achieved is just a drop in the ocean. Due to its uncompromised ideology and commitment, MRDYO has taken step by step measures and has grown from its infant stage and its youth. We at MRDYO feel that we have played our part in a very small way to change and catalyze the society and bring a sustainable change in the lives of poor and marginalized communities. We are also aware of the fact that there is still a long way to go. Throughout our journey, we have faced many challenges but all the challenges were dealt with a smiling face with the thinking that these are the opportunities.

MRDYO believes in working with and for the most marginalized rural and urban poor sections of the society in their ongoing struggle for livelihood security, social justice, and rights and to live a life with dignity. To reach out the vision, the organization, MRDYO has consciously moved from a sustainable development approach to a Right based Approach (RBA). MRDYO is working closely with duty bearers (State and District authorities, local administration), right holders (targeted communities), stake holders, media and the larger civil society organizations to protect and promote the human rights of especially the most marginalized communities. On the further networking and co-operation with State Government, various ministries, donors and civil society organizations is an ongoing process and has improved significantly during the year in a different mindset to move further and bring development within the community.

MRDYO implemented 25 social development projects supported by National and international donors both from Government and Non-Government sector like Ministry of Women and Child Development, India; GNCT of Delhi; Delhi and Punjab State AIDS control society; Mission Convergence, NABARD, Save the Children; Water Aid; Bharti-WalMart, Sesame Workshop Trust India etc. These projects have had many successes in improving the socio-economic, cultural and political status of the most marginalized communities in the target operational areas.

In the year 2015-16, MRDYO is successfully implementing 8 projects in Delhi NCR partnering with Mission Convergence, Delhi State AIDS control Society, GNCT of Delhi, Save the children, Water Aid, Sesame Workshop Trust India; 2 projects in Haryana with MWCD, India and Save the Children and 1 project in Punjab with Punjab State AIDS control Society. MRDYO has also successfully accomplished implementing 2 Projects partnering with Save the Children and WaterAid India during the year 2015-16.

I sincerely hope that this Annual Report of MRDYO will give all the stakeholders and interested persons an overview of our collective work for the period of 2015-16, and I look

forward to critical and constructive comments and discussions for further improvement in all aspects MRYDO as an Organization.

### **Model Rural Youth Development Organization (MRYDO) – The Organization**

Model Rural Youth Development Organization (MRYDO) is a registered non-profit, philanthropic organization working in Najafgarh, Delhi, Haryana and Punjab. MYRDO was established in 1986 by a group of like-minded social development professionals and social activists to work on social issues affecting the most marginalized sections of the society. MYRDO has been working on social development issues including socio-economic research, training and capacity building, economic development and political empowerment of urban poor, youth, women and children and other marginalized communities. Over the last 30 years, the Organization has developed a good rapport with targeted communities and the Government in the field of youth, women and child development. The Chief functionary of the Organization is Mr. Shri Om supported by dedicated and qualified project staff from various socio-economic strata of the society including women and men.

<b>Vision</b>	A society based on social justice, equality, non-discrimination and self reliance where all people live a life with dignity.
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<b>Mission</b>	To channelize the potentialities of youth, women, children and other marginalized communities for their own development and work towards a healthy society free from hunger, disease, discrimination and injustice.
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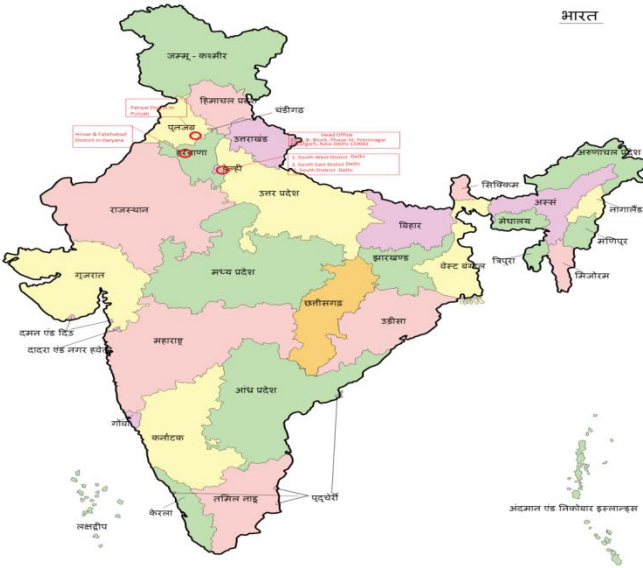
<b>Philosophy</b>	MRYDO's philosophy is to work with the most marginalized communities through a people-centered approach to bring about a positive change in the lives of targeted communities.
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#### **Objectives of Organization:**

- ❖ Work with most marginalized urban and rural communities for their socio-economic, cultural, economic development and political empowerment.
- ❖ Secure, protect and promote the constitutional and citizenship rights of most marginalized communities including Right to Water and Sanitation, Right to Food and Work, Right to Life and Right to Education.
- ❖ Work with the State, like-minded development support organizations and civil society organizations to implement various socio-economic development programs, undertake research and influence policy in favor of the poor and most marginalized.

<b>Our Values:</b>	<i><b>Integrity</b></i>
	<i><b>Mutual respect</b></i>
	<i><b>Courage of conviction:</b></i>
	<i><b>Fairness, equity and justice</b></i>
	<i><b>Respect for the rights of women and children</b></i>
	<i><b>Independence, Solidarity, Humility,</b></i>

Operational Area at National Level- MRYDO Reach

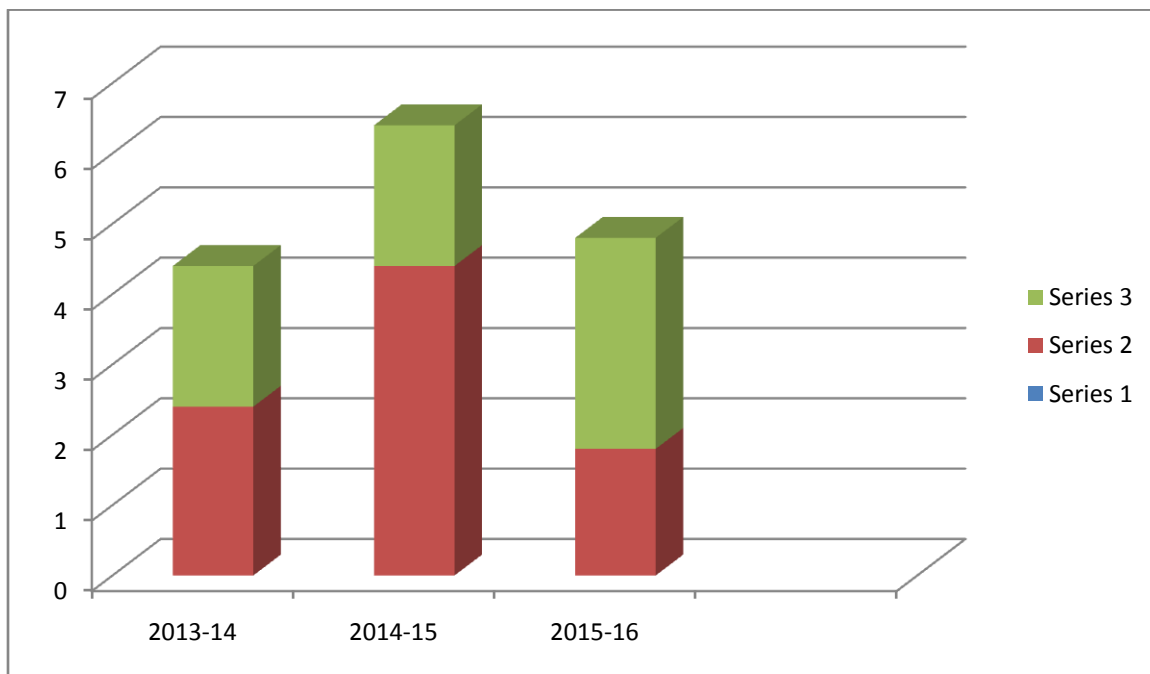


## Issues for Emphasis



**Targeted Communities:** Scheduled Castes (SCs), Minorities including Muslims, Other Backward Classes (OBCs), People with Disability (PWDs), People Living with HIV and AIDS (PLWHAs), women, children, and Old people without caregivers, urban poor communities including unorganized sector workers, street children, rag pickers and homeless.

### Turnover of Organization:









## Projects at a Glance for FY-2015-16

Sl. No.	Name of project	Funding Agency	Thematic Area	Area
1	Stop Diarrhea Initiative	Save the Children	Child Health & Hygiene & Sanitation	South Delhi
2	Child Line-1098	Child line India	Child Protection	Haryana
3	Strengthening Child Rights in the Cotton Farming Districts Hissar	Save the Children	Child Rights	Haryana
4	Swachhh Dilli- Swasth Dilli	Water Aid India	Livelihood Promotion, Water and Sanitation	Delhi
5	Gender Resource Center	GNTC Delhi	Women Empowerment	Delhi
6	GRC-Ext. Center	GNTC Delhi	Women Empowerment And Training	Delhi
7	Awaaz Uthao	GNTC Delhi	Women Empowerment & Trainings	Delhi
8	Targeted Intervention (FSW)	DSACS Delhi	Health & HIV Aids	Delhi
9	T.I (Migrant)	DSACS Delhi	Health & HIV Aids	Delhi
10	Targeted Intervention (FSW)	PSACS Chandigarh	Health & HIV Aids	Punjab
11	Mahila Panchayat	Delhi Government	Women Rights & Issues	Delhi
12.	Sapna, Bachat, Uddan	Sesame Workshop India Trust	Financial Literacy among 3 to 8 year Young Child	Delhi

## Our Funding Agencies: Our Partner

### Project Overview:

#### “Stop Diarrhea Initiative Project”

The diarrhea is second largest cause of death among 0 to 5 year age children in India, almost one lakh children left the lives before 5 year due to diarrhea or diarrhea bone disease. So a pioneer organization Save the Children is working for child health, education and rights since last 100 year. Save the Children took initiative and join hands to reduce the diarrheal death in Delhi slums. So they selected us as a partner to execute the project from 2015-16 to 2019-20 for south Delhi district slums.

The programme was launched in April 2015 and completed its year one on 31<sup>st</sup> March 2016. This year MRYDO has worked in ten slum clusters namely Taimoor Nagar-I, Taimoor Nagar-II, Andruj Ganj, Katputli Camp Vinobapuri, Madrasi Colony Jal Vihar, Madrasi Camp Jungpura, Jagdamba camp Khirki village, Hamnuman Basti RK Puram and Kusumpur Pahadi. 16,000 households with a population of 82,000 were covered under the project.

The Major activities include the following:

- The WHO and UNICEF have formatted a 7 point plan for reducing diarrhea, so in the light of above plan activities executed in all ten selected clusters.
  - The same activities will be carry forward form next 10 new clusters in year 2016-17 and like this MRYDO will cover whole district in next 3 years.
1. **Formation of Community Based Organizations (CBOs):** Wash Groups were formed in all clusters. Reference communities were trained on improved water, sanitation and hygiene issues, organizational management and sensitized on advocacy issues. The CBOs are now convening monthly meetings on water and sanitation issues. Each group

has 10 to 12 members and majority of them are women. In the same order, 30 lactating mothers group have been formed and these group have more than 367 mothers who meet every week in learn the usage of breastfeeding, disposal of child fecal, recipes of nutrition food and immunization.

Sl. No.	Type of Group	No	No. of Members
1.	Water & Sanitation Groups	10	118
2.	Lactating Mother Group	30	367
3.	Community Child Health Club	04	80
4.	Child Health & hygiene Club (School)	07	84
5.	Youth Clubs	02	22
6.	Volunteer Group	4	26



2. **Renovation of existing sanitation facilities at School:** Five school sanitation facilities were renovated in targeted area and new construction of three stage hand washing, three stage drinking water platform, construction of incinerator and other repairs works have been completed.



(Handwashing Platform, Andrews Ganj)

Each school was provided with hand washing kits.



Demonstration of handwashing was done in many rounds. One teacher from each school has been trained to sustain sanitation activities in their respective school. School Management committees meeting were organized and the members were sensitized towards the benefits of sanitation and hygiene. The habits

of handwashing can reduce the diarrheal incidence up to 80%. The project team concentrated on handwashing campaign efforts with all stakeholders.



(Showing Clean Hands after Demonstration)

3. **CTC (Community Toilet Complexes):** CTCs were renovated at Okhla, Kusumpur, RK Puram and Taimoor Nagar 1<sup>st</sup> & IInd phase. Open defecation is major challenge especially in urban slums. So 7 CTCs were repaired and as a result the number of footfall in CTCs increased up to 30%. Special focus was given on constructing handwashing platforms.



(Taimoor Nagar CTC after renovation)

All the construction works were completed under the project. Ten stand posts and drains were repaired, leading the community

toowards sustainable sanitation. All the construction works have been done with approval of concerned Government line departments.

4. **Trainings:** Thematic trainings were organized for targeted community leaders and women. Each cluster has appointed a CHV (Community Health Volunteer), who leads the programme at the grassroots level. Trainings on 7 point plan, exclusive breast feeding and community sanitation were organized.



*(Staff Training by District Medical Officer Dr. Anuja Vashudev)*

ICDS Department plays a very important role in providing nutritional food to mothers and children through the AWC at slum level. The project closely coordinated with ICDS for organizing the planned programmes with women and children in the slums.



*(Healthy Baby Competition at AWC)*

Healthy baby competitions, mother's counseling and awareness about the breast feeding and immunization have been undertaken with the support of the ICDS department.

We involved the existing private practitioners as their reach in community is valued. The private practitioners were trained on correct prescription of the ORS and zinc tablets. Two trainings were organized and 45 doctors were trained under the project.

**ASHAs Training:** One training program was organized for ASHAs. The objective of the training was to impart training on exclusive breast feeding, participatory approaches and 7 point plan. All 8 ASHAs were trained in all the clusters.





Volunteers were identified in each area and their trainings were organized. Some volunteers have done commendable work in their respective areas. For example, Mr. Suhail Khan and team from Hanuman basti cleared the area and got Rs 4.00 Lakh sanctioned from the MCD for renovation of the drains.



Teachers' trainings were organized. The teachers were sensitized on how to keep their schools clean. 15 teachers from seven schools were imparted orientation training.



*(Group Activity under Training programme)*

School Management Committees orientation and meeting programs were organized at the school level. The trainees were oriented on the 7 point plan and developed their future action plans through their monthly meetings regarding their local sanitation issues.



Training for ANM was organized. All the trainees were imparted training on counseling of mothers or caregivers on the Health & Nutrition day celebration. A comprehensive plan was formulated to support the project like distribution of ORS and Zinc to the reference communities.



Groups experience sharing workshops were organized in the month of March, where, Government authorities, Community groups, volunteers, Teachers, NGO representatives and MRYDO Team shared their experiences. 85 representatives participated in the event.



(Certificates Awarded by Director to Volunteers)

The event was full of games and through these games, the participants formulated the next year plan.



Stakeholders meetings cum orientation programmes were

organized. Representatives from the concerned line departments, reference community representatives and local leaders participated in the event to discuss the yearly progress.



## Swachhh Dilli-Swastha Dilli Project

### Objectives of Project:

- Mobilize communities of Manual Scavengers & Sanitation Workers to organize them to identify their aspirations and interests align their aspirations with Swachhh Bharat Mission and other program of Government of India.
- Mapping government programmes and other training institutes and sensitize them and ensure Manual Scavenger & Sanitation workers gain adequate training and employment opportunities and exposure.
- Ensure Water-Sanitation and Hygiene service as per RTE act in 50 MCD schools.

### Major Activities conducted:

- Focused Group discussion on Water and Sanitation issues in Community
- Advocacy meetings with Government departments and community
- Water Quality Testing
- Formation of Wash Group at community level
- Focused Group discussion on safety at work place and Wash sessions to Sanitation workers
- Menstrual Hygiene sessions at community with adolescent girls
- Hand Washing & Hygiene sessions in community
- School Wash sessions
- Teachers training
- Students sanitation ambassador trainings
- Teachers training on Water-Sanitation & Hygiene
- Three stage hand washing plate form at Government School
- Three stage drinking water Plate form at Government School
- Drinking water Point at community

### Key achievements

- 24 communities covered under project
- 10 MCD ward covered
- 1000 and 50 MCD school covered
- Involve community people as project staff
- 24 wash group formed
- 18 Wash Groups trained
- Water Quality testing conducted in 24 communities



- 30 Advocacy meeting held with MCD,DJB, DUSIB.
- 150 Teachers trained in WASH
- 500 Sanitation Ambassadors trained
- SMB ad suiting
- 50 Hygiene session held at MCD School for 20,000 boys and girls
- Two 40 seater CTCs constructed by DUSIB after advocacy of organization
- Fund leverage of 90 Lacs
- Community water point at Kair village
- Three stage hand washing platform for 1500 students
- Three stage drinking water platform in 1500 students
- Painting and training of ladder and snake game training for students

**PROJECT NAME: TARGET INTERVENTION – FEMALE SEX WORKER**

**PROJECT AREA: J.J COLONY BAKKARWALA, PREM NAGAR (REWLA KHANPUR), DHARAMPURA.**

**PROFILE OF TARGET AREA:**

The Project area is located in Najafgarh block of South West Delhi. Sex Worker are located in two villages namely Prem Nagar (Rewla Khan Pur) Dharmapura & Bakkarwala J.J.Colony . The inhabitants of these areas belong to Prena Tribe and migrated from Gujarat, Rajastan and Haryana about 50 years back. At present their population in prem nagar is about 800 and in Dharmapura nearly 300. Both the men & women are mostly illiterate and children also do not attend school. Near about 85% women are engaged in commercial sex work. The target group of the project is female sex workers (approximately 500) in the identified sites. Women engaged in sex work are in the age group of 18 to 45 years. There is no noticeable power dynamic within the target population. They do not interfere in each other activities. The target population in both identified high risk sites has interred relationship. There are many versions to find out the truth about this community. On earlier time they have migrated to this place to look for jobs opportunity as on now they have involved them self on sexual trade with an hope to get a secure & easiest methods to earn money.

**PROJECT OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES**

Overall objectives will be to bring down the incidence of HIV/AIDS/STIs among FSWs in the operational area:

- To promote safer sex behavior among the HRGs and their clients through regular facilitation of condoms and its education with improvement of the negotiation skill.
- To provide proper referral/counseling services and to promote healthy life style.
- To provide regular medical checkups and STI treatment as per qualitative norms.
- To ensure comprehensive Care, Support & Treatment for PLHIV.
- To do efforts towards the community ownership among the HRG.

## **Project strategies adopted**

**BCC:** In order to motivate the target group for health seeking behavior, BCC is the main strategy. Interactions with target groups were held on one to one and one to group bases. The behavior change communication programme was used to generate demand for the services. The main objective was to improve knowledge levels of the HRGs about the causes and consequence of sexually transmitted diseases and the preventive measures. All the efforts was focused on increasing the health seeking behavior.

### **Activities performed by PE of project:**

- Identification of new FSWs
- Regular contacts
- Given information regarding STD/HIV/AIDS
- Motivated her group for behavior change
- Distribution of condom
- Facilitation of HRGs towards TI Services
- Coordination with ORWs

## **STD Care Facilities**

- STD case management involves amplifying the doctor's advice, stressing the link between STD & HIV, reinforcing the risk perception and health seeking behavior. Doctor also spends some time over counseling with the patients who have STD & psycho-sexual problems. He/She diagnoses the cases and prescribes medicine to the patients and refers to ICTC & other hospitals if needed. He/She also gives training on STD to the outreach workers and peer educators. STD diagnosis and treatment facility is provided through an established clinic and health camps.
- Effective BCC interventions will be support/strengthen STD service delivery
- Qualified MBBS doctor adopt Syndromic approach to diagnose and treat STDs
- Qualified and trained staff to do counseling as an integral part of syndromic case management
- System for maintaining privacy and confidentiality
- System for maintaining case records
- Development of MIS at the service locations
- Training of the staff
- Condom Promotion and Distribution through Program
- Another important technical strategy was promotion of safer sex practices through the condom education and distribution. The project focused on two facts, one is information & other is availability of condoms for safety & prevention of STI/HIV and AIDS.
- The Project team opted for four-prong strategy:
  - Increasing accessibility and availability of condoms in the target area

- Skill building for correct and consistently condom usage. For this, demonstrations were organized
- De-stigmatization of condoms. It includes different activities and promoting regular use of condoms
- Social marketing of condoms

### Major Achievements (April 2015 to March 2016)

1	Total No. of Registered Population against 1250 target on 31 <sup>st</sup> March.16	1487
2	Total No. of Regular Contacts by Peer Educators	14791
3	Total No. of Clinical Attendance	4886
4	Total No. of STI treated	66
5	Total No. of individual new HRG given Presumptive treatment	135
6	Total No. of Syphilis Testing	2411
7	Total No. of individual HRG tested for HIV	2024
8	Total No. of individual HRG found positive for HIV	0
9	Total No. of individual positive HRG linked with ART	0
10	Total No. of Review Meetings Conducted	48
11	Total No. of Demand Generation Activity conducted by TI	72
12	Total No. of Hotspots	12
13	Total No. of Active Stake Holders	15
14	Total No. of Active Population in the Project on 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2016	1412
<b>Project title</b>	Strengthening Child Rights in the Cotton Farming Districts of Punjab and Haryana	
<b>Geographic scope</b>	<i>49 Habitations of Hisar I Block, 45 Habitations of Barwala Block of Hisar District and 33 habitations of Bhuna Block of Fatehabad District of Haryana</i>	

The Project “Strengthening Child Rights in the Cotton Farming Districts of Haryana and Punjab” targeted to “Increase protection against abuse, exploitation and violence in the villages”. To ensure the change various activities were designed and planned for 2015-16 which could lead us to the expected outcome in 127 Habitations of the targeted Blocks of

Hisar I, Barwala Block of Hisar District and Bhuna Block of Fatehabad District of Haryana. Among the major activities planned for the year were:

**Training and Capacity Building of Project Staffs and CPCs and CGs:** Training and Capacity Building Programmes were conducted on Child Rights, Child Protection, UNCRC, Laws related to children, SOP, Vulnerability Mapping, Report Card Preparation, LSE for the project staffs who in turn cascaded the trainings to of 127 CPCs and 127 CGs of the intervention habitations.

**Vulnerability Mapping:** Vulnerability mapping of the villages were conducted with the help of CPCs and CGs of the villages in the month of July'15 and based on the findings of the Vulnerability Mapping Action Plan of both 127 CPCs and CGs were developed.

**Life Skill Education:** Life Skill Education sessions were conducted as per LalitaBabu module of 5 sessions with the children of the Children Group in the villages.

**Preparation of Village Report Card:** The children of the 127 villages were facilitated to prepare Village Report Card and share it with the Block Level stakeholders and submit children demand based on the findings of the Report Card.

**Awareness Campaign:** To ensure maximum awareness of the Child Rights and Protection issues in the community awareness programme were conducted with the support of CPCs and CG. Campaign facilitated include the Back to school campaign, Anti Child Labour Campaign, Campaign on Birth Registration, Awareness on CSSP schemes, Campaign against Child Labour and above all Video Van Campaign.

**Engagement with Government:** Awareness Campaign were conducted in collaboration with the District Administration and District Child Protection Unit of Hisar and Fatehabad, Haryana. Also, through our consistent efforts MRYDO and Save the Children were able to make the District Administration of Hisar and Fatehabad to adopt Child Protection Policy for the District.

#### PROGRESS MADE IN 2015-2016

Target for 2015-2016	Achieved till March 2016	Progress/Gaps	Impact
Capacity building of 127 CPCs on Child Rights, Child Protection, UNCRC, Laws related to children, SOP, Vulnerability Mapping, Report Card Preparation, LSE	127	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CPCs and CGs are meeting on monthly basis</li> <li>• 70% attendance is ensured</li> <li>• CPC and CG are</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Responding to the letter written by CPC regarding Out of school student, BEO of Barwala instructed all the school Heads</li> </ul>

Target for 2015-2016	Achieved till March 2016	Progress/Gaps	Impact
Capacity building of 127 CPCs on Child Rights, Child Protection, UNCRC, Laws related to children, SOP, Vulnerability Mapping, Report Card Preparation, LSE	127	<p>maintaining their records and registers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identifying Child Labour and ensured 1002 children who were working outside household does not do so.</li> <li>• Ensured 2566 children do not work more than 2 hrs in House Hold</li> <li>• Enrolled 489 children in the school</li> </ul> <p><b>Gaps</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lack of Monitoring from the higher authorities of Governmen. is a challenge for the CPC members accountable for the Child protection issues in the village.</li> <li>• Delay in Panchayat election has made it difficult to make CPC fully functional.</li> <li>• CPC are well aware about the rights of the children and laws and child protection mechanism.</li> </ul>	<p>to share list of out of school children with the CPC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CPCs and CGs are being recognized by various organizations and institutions at village level for their contribution in ensuring Rights of the Children.</li> <li>• Some villages like Gandhil Nagar are in the process of becoming Child Labour Free.</li> </ul>
Develop annual action plan of 127 CPCs and CGs	127	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Annual Action plan have been</li> </ul>	

Target for 2015-2016	Achieved till March 2016	Progress/Gaps	Impact
		<p>developed for all the CPCs and CGs of the intervention area.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reporting child protection cases and is identifying issues related to children and taking step to resolve them.</li> </ul>	
Enroll 280 out of school children in school	489	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tracking of these children are going on.</li> <li>It has been observed a large number of out of school children are out of school due to disability.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In Gandhi Nagar Village all the children between the age group of 6-14 are enrolled in school.</li> </ul>
Facilitate 500 children between 0-5 yrs to have their birth certificate	1294	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>It is also being ensured that all the children who are taking birth receive their birth certificate.</li> <li>Long and complicated process of Birth Registration is a major obstacle in obtaining Birth Certificate for the children.</li> </ul>	
SOP and Suggestion Box to be installed in 127 Habitations	SOP and Suggestion Boxes installed in 127	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Till March'16, 46 complaints and suggestions have been received by CPCs.</li> <li>People are still</li> </ul>	<p>* Prevented and resolved 15 Child Marriage cases.</p> <p>*4 Cases of Sexual</p>

Target for 2015-2016	Achieved till March 2016	Progress/Gaps	Impact
	Habitations	reluctant to report the cases of abuse.	<p>abuse and harassment have been reported and FIR has been lodged. Out of which, in 1 case sentence was passed against 3 perpetrators.</p> <p>*CPC played a vital role in solving the case of 2 missing children and restore them to their families.</p> <p>*5 cases of eve teasing and 1 case of Discrimination reported</p> <p>*Honor killing of a 15 year old child case reported to police</p>
5 sessions of LalitaBabu Module to the children between the age group of 11-18 by 508 Discussion Leaders in 127 habitation	5 sessions of LalitaBabu Module by 508 Discussion Leaders in 127 habitation. 2900 children between the age group 11-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>After the LSE Sessions were conducted the Children of the CG group raised 380 issues in front of the CPC and other stakeholders out of which 118 issues have been solved.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Children are growing in confidence</li> </ul>

Target for 2015-2016	Achieved till March 2016	Progress/Gaps	Impact
	18 were trained in LSE.		
Child Protection Policy of Hisar and Fatehabad District	CPP of Hisar and Fatehabad District has been notified	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continuous interaction with District Administration.</li> <li>• Providing technical support to DCPU in awareness campaign on POCSO, JJ Act, Child Rights</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Foster Care and Sponsorship Approval Committee formed in Hisar</li> <li>• 4 children have been sanctioned Foster Care Scheme</li> </ul>
Remove Child labour	3568 children were removed from children labour this year.	This children are also being ensured that they go to school and tracking is done so that they does not resume labour	
Conduct Video Van Campaign	Video Van campaign were conducted in 120 habitations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 47137 people were reached through this campaign.</li> <li>• Through other campaign 66547 people were reached and the message of Child rights and protection were spread in the targeted area.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Back to school Campaign</li> <li>• Birth registration campaign</li> <li>• Campaign on CSSP</li> <li>• CRC week celebration</li> </ul>



### **Other Achievements related to the project**

- CPCs have approached BEO regarding sharing of the data of drop out children by the school, responding to which BEO have instructed all the schools to share list of drop out children with the CPCs.
- Children demands were submitted to various stakeholders from village Sarpanches to Chief Minister of the state to strengthen the ICPS mechanism in the villages.
- Child Protection Policy of the District of Hisar and Fatehabad to create awareness in the community.
- Re-initiation of Childline Service in Hisar District to increase reporting.
- Continuous efforts have been taken so that the budget of ICPS allotted to the district are spend accordingly. As a result, the District Child Protection Unit is conducting regular awareness campaigns in the district.
- CPP has been signed by all the members of the Village Level CPCs.
- Community of Gandhi Nagar villages has been motivated to make their village Child Labour Free.

### **Specific learnings and challenges of the project:**

- To make any sustainable change in the society apart from working in the community, a lot of emphasis should be given for policy and advocacy with the district and state level officials. The higher authorities need to be sensitized on the rights of Children based on the ground realities.
- It is very important to make peoples' agenda as organizational agenda. To make child protection an issue of the community, we have to accept some of the issues of the community as an organizational priority. Only then, sustained work on child rights and protection issues will yield desired results.
- To create maximum awareness among the community, we have to involve Government Machinery and work in coordination with them and utilize the resources of the Government to create maximum impact.
- Lack of Monitoring from the higher authorities of Government authorities is a challenge in making the CPC members accountable for the Child protection issues at the village.
- It has been observed a large number of out of school children are out of school due to disability. Work with Children with Disability is a challenge.
- People are still reluctant to report the cases of Child abuse. Awareness campaigns with the community on POCSO Act'201 need to be continued.

## ANNEXES

### 1. Human Interest Stories on Project impact

**Child/Adult:** Ankita of Ladwa Village, Haryana

**Thematic area(s):** Child Sensitive Social Protection Scheme

Today Ankita is dreaming to become a lawyer, “I want to become a lawyer and I want to aware every child not to lose hope and carry on their hard work inspite of their hardship as one day the problems will be over for sure” said Ankita when asked about her aim in life. But a year back this dream seemed to be an uphill task for this 14 year old girl from Ladwa village of Haryana who have fought her way out of adversities and has become an inspiration to many more like her.

Mother of Ankita died when she was mere 4 years old and her father passed away after 1 year. Since then she lives with her grand Parents. Her Grand Father also passed away when she was 8 years old. Since then, she and her grandmother started to live fighting the odds. Agricultural land possessed by them is just 1 acre which was unable to meet their needs. The other source of income was her grandmother’s old age pension. Meeting out their daily need was a real struggle for them.

As there was no earning member in the family, she had to help her grandmother in the household work as well as in the fields so that their income increases. And as a result, she was not regular in the school. Which affected her development and she usually felt that she cannot continue with her studies. She was interested to continue her studies but the situation was not positive.

They also applied for Foster Care Scheme in November’2011 for which both she and her grandmother had to face problems to meet out the documentary requirements. However, nothing was happening. In spite of all odds, she somehow continued her study. Thanks to the RTE Act. But as the days passed, she was touching 14 years which means the facility of RTE Act. will no longer be available. Her future was in danger.

When MRYDO and Save the children started intervention in Haryana, among the many advocacy issues that were highlighted, one was the CSSP schemes. Due to which FCASA committee was formed by DCPU, Hisar and the process for sanctioning pending applications were speeded up. Home visits were conducted for all the applications lying untouched since 2011. MRYDO field staff supported DCPU, Hisar to conduct these home visits, who after meeting the family and considering their situation forwarded her case to the Foster Care and Sponsorship Approval Committee. Considering her case, the Committee recommended her for the Foster Care Scheme which was approved by the District Collector of Hisar. Now, Ankita receives Rs. 2000 per month since April 2015. This helped her in continuation of her studies. Now she does not have to think of her expenditure of studies and have to go for work anymore. She regularly goes to school and has gained in confidence. She feels that she can fulfill her dreams. She was taken in the children group formed in the village and at present working as the President of the Group. She is also the member of the Village CPC and is encouraging other children to achieve their dreams.

She now thanks Save the Children and MRYDO for their efforts to support her to access Government Schemes to continue her studies.

The field staff of MRYDO are in constant touch with her and are trying to help her in any problem and also she is becoming a role model for those children who are facing severe economic problems.

**Child/Adult** Child Protection Committee in Gaibipur Village, Haryana

**Thematic area(s)** Child Protection (Right Based Approach)

Strengthening Child Rights means providing a safe and secure environment to each and every child in the society so that they exercise their rights and grow up to be a responsible citizen. It can only be possible when the community understand its responsibility and act as a shield under which the tender flowers can grow and develop. Save the children understand the role of community participation in the development of a child and hence when it envisioned strengthening Child Rights in the cotton farming districts, it emphasized on forming community based organizations as Child Protection Committees in every village of target area.

After formation, steps were taken to build capacity and provide training to those CPCs so that they can take action for the best interest of the children. In the process vulnerability mapping was conducted in the villages and accordingly action plan for CPCs were developed. During the mapping it was observed that the problem of drop out and irregularity in school is a major problem which should be addressed with topmost priority.

Adding to the sore, Haryana Govt. ordered that name of any child who is absent from school for more than 7 days should be struck off from the school which created a situation that lots of children who are from under privilege class face the risk of dropping out of school. Taking cognizance to the matter the issue was raised in the CPC meetings so that adequate steps can be taken to prevent those children from dropping out of the school.

As it is said nothing ventured, nothing gained, motivated by the Development Activists of MRYDO CPCs decided to write letter to Block Education Officer to share the names of probable students who are in verge of dropping out and also of the children who are already drop out of school in the village with the CPCs so that CPC members can identify those children and try to counsel them and prevent from getting drop out from school.

CPC of Gaibipur village of Barwala Block of Hisar District wrote letter to BEO of Barwala in this respect and submitted it on 28-08-2015. Considering the efforts of the CPCs, BEO instructed the Head Master of Govt. High School, Gaibipur village vide letter no. E/15/1020 dated 14-10-15 to share the list with the village CPC. Responding to the letter from BEO, Barwala Head Master of Gaibipur Govt. High School provided a list of drop out children and children who are irregular in school to CPC on 16-10-15.

Acting on the letter of the School Head master, CPC member with the help of DA of MRYDO started to identify those children and counsel them and their family members on one to one basis. As a result of which 5 children could be reenrolled to the school in the month of October'15 itself and discussion with other are going on. CPC members are motivated and they have pledged that they will leave no stone unturned to ensure that each and every child of the village go to school and get opportunity to develop and exercise their rights.

This shows that the efforts of Save the Children initiative are bearing fruits as community is taking responsibility to ensure better future for their children. From our experience we have learnt that a society can be changed only when community itself take responsibility and wants the change. The example of Gaibipur is just a small example of the change in the thought process of the community and how the community is adapting to the concept of Community Based Management. It is also a classic example of how system based approach can bring change in the community and its thought process and how if guided properly community can take its own responsibility and work for the betterment of the society.

However, Challenges still exists but it is sure that if we can showcase these achievements properly in the community this will pave way for many more changes and sustainable development in our society. The journey has just begun.....

### Photo Gallery & News update:







## बाल संरक्षण समिति ने सौंपा ज्ञापन



मुख्यमंत्री के ओ.एस.डी. भूपेंद्र सिंह को ज्ञापन सौंपते संस्था सदस्य / भूना, 27 मार्च (पवन): गांव दहमान की बाल संरक्षण समिति ने

समस्याओं को लेकर सी. एम. के ओ.एस.डी. भूपेंद्र सिंह को ज्ञापन सौंपा। सेव दि चिल्ड्रन व मराइडो संस्था प्रतिनिधियों की उपस्थिति में मुख्यमंत्री के नाम सौंपे ज्ञापन में समिति पदाधिकारियों ने ओ.एस.डी. को बताया कि खंड के

व उनकी सुरक्षा के लिए काम कर रही है लेकिन समिति के लिए बजट का प्रावधान नहीं है। बजट के अभाव में समिति अपना कार्य अच्छे ढंग से नहीं कर पाती। ज्ञापन में सी.एम.से अनुरोध किया गया है कि समिति के लिए बजट की व्यवस्था करवाई जाए। इस अवसर पर खंड अधिकारी धर्मेन्द्र मेहला, भरत शर्मा, रामनिवास, विकास, सुरेंद्र सरोवा, किरण देवी, सरपंच, संस्था से जुड़े गांव के कार्यकर्ता, बाल संरक्षण समिति व बाल समूह के बच्चे उपस्थित रहे।



<b>Project title</b>	CHILDLINE 1098
<b>Geographic scope</b>	<i>Hisar District of Haryana</i>

CHILDLINE 1098 is a 24X7 toll free emergency service for children in need of care and protection. Any child/concerned adult on behalf of the child can dial 1098 to avail of emergency assistance. CHILDLINE is a Civil Society - Government partnership under the aegis of the Ministry of Women and Child Development (MWCD), Government of India. CHILDLINE India Foundation (CIF) is the umbrella organization for the CHILDLINE 1098 service in India.

In Hisar, MRYDO is partnering with Childline India Foundation as Collaborative Organization to run the service in Hisar District. The Childline Services have been initiated in Hisar from August'15 to support the vision and mission of the Childline.

**CHILDLINE** reaches out to every child in need and ensure their rights and protection through the 4 Cs:

**Connect** through technology to reach the 'last mile'.

**Catalyze** systems through active advocacy.

**Collaborate** through integrated efforts between children, the state, civil society, corporate entities and community to build a child friendly social order.

**Communicate** to make child protection everybody's priority.

#### Call Statistics for 2015-16:

Types of calls	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March
<b>I. Interventions</b>												
Medical help	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shelter	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Repatriation	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rescue/ Protection from Abuse	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	0	8	14	19	8	17	14
Child in Conflict with Law	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Death-related	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sponsorship	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	14	5	0	4
<b>II. Missing children</b>												
Child lost	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0
Parents asking help	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	1	3	1	2	1	0
<b>III. Emotional support and Guidance</b>	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>IV. Information</b>												
Info & referrals to services	NA	NA	NA	NA	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Information about CHILDLINE & volunteers	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>V. Unclassified</b>	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	2	6	13	11	5	3
<b>VI. Others</b>												
Did not Find (DNF)/did not respond	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	3	1	6	5	4	3
Crank/fun/abusive	NA	NA	NA	NA	15	8	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chat calls	NA	NA	NA	NA	4	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wrong	NA	NA	NA	NA	11	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
Silent	NA	NA	NA	NA	16	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blank	NA	NA	NA	NA	9	5	0	0	0	0	0	0
Follow up calls	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Phone-testing calls	NA	NA	NA	NA	9	1	125	62	70	112	72	96
Administrative	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Personal	NA	NA	NA	NA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>					<b>70</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>120</b>

**Awareness Programmes:** 19 awareness programmes were conducted by Childline team on Child Rights and Protection in collaboration with various departments including District Child Protection Unit in the year 2015-16. To create maximum awareness and for greater reach, Childline, Hisar also participated in Geeta Jayanti Mahotsav and set up stall in collaboration with DCPU, Hisar and for 3 days to create awareness on child rights and protection among the visitors.

**Details:**

<b>Sl. No</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Place</b>	<b>Topic</b>	<b>Method used for awareness</b>	<b>Stakeholders present</b>	<b>Support organization</b>
1	17/11/15	Slum area Barwala	Awareness about 1098	Open House	Teacher	-
2	15/12/15	GGHS, Adampur	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Lecture, role Play, Distribution of Leaflets	Teachers	DCPU, Hisar
3	15/12/15	WCDPO office, Adampur	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Lecture, Distribution of Leaflets	All AWW of the Block	DCPU, Hisar
4	15/12/15	St. Gautam School, Hisar	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Audio Visual, distribution of leaflets	Teachers	DCPU, Hisar
5	15/12/15	Nav Bharat School, Hisar	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Audio Visual, distribution of leaflets	Teachers	DCPU, Hisar
6	16/12/15	GGSSS, Mangali	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Audio Visual, distribution of leaflets	Teachers	DCPU, Hisar
7	16/12/15	Yog Sr. Sec. School, Hisar	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Lecture, role Play, Distribution of Leaflets	Teachers	DCPU, Hisar
8	16/12/15	St. Yog School	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Lecture, role Play, Distribution of Leaflets	Teachers	DCPU, Hisar
9	17/12/15	GSSS, Barwala	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Lecture, role Play, Distribution of Leaflets	Teachers	DCPU, Hisar
10	18/12/15	GGSSS, Hisar	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Lecture, role Play, Distribution of Leaflets	Teachers	DCPU, Hisar



11	19/12/15	Geeta Jayanti Mahotsav, Old Govt. College Ground	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Exhibition of IEC, 1 to 1 discussion, Leaflet distribution	-	DCPU, Hisar
12	20/12/15	Geeta Jayanti Mahotsav, Old Govt. College Ground	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Exhibition of IEC, 1 to 1 discussion, Leaflet distribution	-	DCPU, Hisar
13	21/12/15	Geeta Jayanti Mahotsav, Old Govt. College Ground	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Exhibition of IEC, 1 to 1 discussion, Leaflet distribution	-	DCPU, Hisar
14	21/12/15	BDPO Office, Barwala	Awareness about 1098, discussion on the issues of the children	Open House	BDPO, CDPO, BEO, SMO, DCPU,	Save the Children
15	23/12/15	FC School, Hisar	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act	Lecture, role Play, Distribution of Leaflets	Teachers	DCPU, Hisar
16	27/1/16	Kishan Bricks Klin, Neoli Kalan	Awareness about 1098, and Child labour, identification of cases	Open House	Brick Klin owner	-
17	18\2\16	Police Smarak, Near Town Park	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act,	Lecture, Distribution of Leaflets	NGO Personnel	NGO Bhik Nehi Kitab Do
18	19/03/2016	Panchayat Bhawan	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act,	Open House	Sarpanch	
19	22/03/2016	Anganwadi Kendra	Awareness about 1098, POCSO, JJ Act,	Open House		

Apart from conducting Awareness campaigns, Childline, Hisar team also performed grassroots level outreach with children and concerned adults:

<b>Target Group</b>	<b>No. contacted</b>	<b>Nature of outreach</b>	<b>Number of programmes</b>
PCO owners	5	Individual	5
Railway station	17	Individual	9
Bus stops	65	Group, Small Group	7
Shelter children	3	Individual	1
Cinema halls	30	Group, Small Group, Night outreach	1
Parks	250	Group, Small Group, Night Outreach	5
Tourist places	0		0
Religious places	60	Small Group	3
Schools	1200	Small Group, Group	25
Slums	335	Group, Small Group	16
Others	1500	Group, Small Group, Individual, Night Outreach	30

In the year 2015-16 since its inception, Childline Hisar conducted 5 Open house programmes. The major issues and problems mentioned by the children are:

- Problem of Admissions in school due to lack of ID Proof.
- Lack of Aadhar Cards of the children
- Lack of Parks and Play ground
- Eve teasing while coming and going to school
- Out of school children
- Not having Birth Certificate
- Child Labour Free village

## ANNEXES

### Human Interest Stories on Project impact

- 1. Child/Adult** Rajbir S/o Akhwal and Seema Rani R/o Prem Nagar, Gali No. 2, Hansi, Hisar

**Thematic area(s)** Lost & found

On 28<sup>th</sup> November'16, at about 5 PM, caller named Vicky who is working in Nav Bharat Oil Mill in Hisar found a boy aged about 6-7 yrs loitering in the in the streets near Sun City Mall, Hisar. The boy was unable to tell any details about his parents. The Caller then dialed 100 and asked for help, who in turn asked the caller to, call 1098 as the matter is related to children. After which the caller dialed 1098 and gave the information of the lost child.

After receiving the call, the Childline team member at once contacted the caller and rushed for help to the said address. The boy was asked his name, who informed that his name is Rajbir but did not give any other information. It was evening of winter and the weather was quiet cold. But the child was bare footed and was not wearing any woolen clothes. The Childline team member took the child to the nearest shop and first of all bought him some woolen clothes and shoes. The child was hungry so they also bought some food for him. After which the child was taken to the nearest Civil Lines police station, Hisar. The police personnel than asked the child about his address and parents. After sometime, the child gave some additional information. As informed by the child, he came to Hisar with his father who left him in the bus stand. His mother's name is Seema Rani. He told his house is near Hansi railway station.

After which Hansi police station was informed about the child, who is missing from an area, near railway station. After some time Hansi Police informed that the address was traced and house is in Prem Nagar, Gali no. 2, Near Railway station. Police contacted Rajbir's Mother Seema Rani, who was worried. She informed that her husband is alcoholic and as it is quite late she will go to Hisar the next day.

After which CWC, Hisar was contacted to produce the child. Who directed to keep the child in the CCI for that night and to produce the child before them the next day. As directed the Childline team member took the child the Shaishav Kunj, Hisar and handed over the child to the CCI for the night.

Next day, the mother of Rajbir came to Hisar to take Rajbir home. Rajbir was then produced before CWC and CWC after making all the needful procedures, handed over Rajbir to his mother on 29<sup>th</sup> November'15. And thus the Child could be restored with his family.

**2. Child/Adult**  
Hisar

Priya D/o Raj Kumar and Kamla Devi R/o Dahima Village,

**Thematic area(s)** Birth Registration

Priya D/o Raj Kumar aged about 16 years lived in Dahima Village of Hisar District. On 05<sup>th</sup> November'15 during outreach by the Childline team in the village, father of Priya complaint that inspite of fulfilling all the documents required for Birth Certificate of his daughter the authorities are not issuing her Birth Certificate showing one reason or the other. He told that he is visiting concerned departments for last 6 months and all in vein. He also complained that because of Birth Certificate his daughter is unable to take admission in the school, get any stipend; also her name is not included in the Family ration card.

After listening to the complaint, Childline team member asked Raj Kumar to come to the office of SDM, Hisar with all the documents. After 2 days, Raj Kumar visited Childline office with all his documents, who then accompanied Raj Kumar to the concerned departments; they also meet SDM, Hisar and briefed him about the issue. After listening to the complaint of Raj Kumar SDM, Hisar at once ordered the concerned authorities to issue Birth Certificate of Priya. After which the authourities took the matter seriously and after fulfilling all the requisite formalities issued Priya her Birth Certificate on 18-02-2016.

Thus due to the intervention and support of the Childline Hisar, Priya was issued her Birth Certificate and thus ensuring Priya her right. After which she could take admission in school and can continue her studies. She is also being linked with stipend from her school. Including her name in her family ration card is under process.



<b>Project title</b>	Gender Resource Centre (GRC) and GRC Extension Center
<b>Geographic scope</b>	<i>Catchment areas of Najafgarh</i>

GRC-SSK refers to Gender Resource Centre and the Samijik Suvidha Kendra which was established by MRYDO in 2007, in Jharodha Kalan village for a period of 1 year. This project is supported by Mission Convergence, Government of NCT, Delhi. In the year 2008 the GRC opened up in Jai Vihar basically for the upliftment of women. The next year in 2009 GRC extension center was also opened in Jharoda.

Essentially the Gender Resource Centre take care of all dimensions related to women empowerment in a holistic manner, and are envisaged as instrument to bring Social, Economic, and Legal empowerment of Women particularly those belonging to the under privileged sections of society. The activities of Gender Resource Centre are to encompass Social Empowerment, Legal Rights, Economic Initiatives comprising of skill building, Micro enterprise and entrepreneurship Development, Health Aspects, Information Sharing and Networking Aspects, and Non formal functional literacy and Women empowerment. Under this GRC various vocational trainings and Non Formal education Programmes were launched. All these trainings and NFE programme is free of cost and is open to the entire surrounding community.

More than 305 young women and girls from the most marginalized groups have been benefitted from the various vocational training programs like the Beauty Culture, Dress Making and Bag Making skill development programmes run in GRC and Extension Center in the year 2015-16. Around 3705 people came to help desk cell for information seeing in GRC and around 2754 does the same in the Extension center till 31<sup>st</sup> March'16 this year. Self Help Groups are also formed among the women under the GRC program. There are 32 SHGs with 760 beneficiaries supported by GRC and 5 under extension center. They have been linked with nationalized banks. Loans for 15 groups have been sanctioned by the State Bank of India, Najafgarh Branch.

6 health camps and 24 OPD clinics have been organized this year reaching beneficiaries 1425 and 1402 respectively in GRC which includes Men, Women and children. 12 OPDs reaching 722 beneficiaries were conducted under GRC extension Center in 2015-16. 12 Nutrition camps were organized this year in the catchment areas especially targeting the pregnant and lactating mothers as beneficiaries, benefiting 366 beneficiaries.

In the legal front, 48 Legal counseling and legal awareness training on Dowry, Women's' rights, filing and First Information report (FIR) with the Police, Property Ownership issues etc., were imparted under the GRC which has benefitted 1386 women and girls. The Awaz Udhao programme supported by Delhi Government for strengthening women towards their rights, also covered almost 1000 beneficiaries as this is also acting as a value addition programme along with GRC.

The SSK programme looks into the delivery of the State-run social security schemes and programs for the deprived sections of the society. It includes the promotion of financial assistance schemes such as widow pension scheme, old age pension, pension for people with

disability and the Ladli Yojana and other service programmes like UID, Immunization coordination with dispensary etc. The GRC also facilitated exposure visits of rural women involved in SHGs to showcase how the women in other places are earning their livelihood with the help of these SHGs

### PROGRESS MADE BY GRC-SSSK IN 2015-2016

<b>TARGET ACHIEVEMENT OF GRC SSSK-JAI VIHAR FROM APRIL 2015 TO MARCH 2016</b>			
<b>S. No.</b>	<b>KEY INDICATORS</b>	<b>TARGET</b>	<b>ACHIEVEMENT</b>
1	Legal Awareness session(mass awareness sessions)	24	24
a	No of persons attended		691
b	No of community members counselled		79
c	No of cases resolved		18
d	No Of Awareness session By Para Legal Volunteers	24	24
e	No of persons attended		693
2	Health Camp(Thematic)	6	6
a	No of members covered	1200	1425
b	No of clinics	24	24
c	No of clients served	1200	1402
d	No of Nutrition Camp	12	12
c	No of beneficiaries (25 each)	300	366
3	Education(No of illiterate adults certified by GRC as literates)	25	No Exam Conducted by NIOS. However, T3 Test taken by NFE Instructor
a	No of children mainstreamed	25	26
b	No of children getting remedial education	25	36
4	Vocational Training(No of trainees attended vocational training)	200	203
a	No of trainers certified	180	97
5	No of SHG promoted by GRC in a year	7	5
a	SHG linked with Bank	5	2
6	Information Center(No of enquiries)	2400	3705
7	Water & Sanitation(Awareness generation activities)		
a	Community awareness generation activity	24	24
b	Celebration of important days on watsan	3	3
c	Mass Cleanliness Drive	2	2
d	Formation/Promotion of groups on wash	4	4
8	SJSRY(No of members enrolled)	200	0 (Scheme not Running)
9	Partnership Management		
10	On time Reporting	YES	YES
11	Maintaining & updation of records	YES	YES

***The Progress made by GRC- Extension Centre in 2015-16***

<b>TARGET ACHIEVEMENT OF GRC EXTN. CENTER FROM APRIL-2015 TO MARCH-2016</b>				
<b>S.N</b>	<b>COMPONENT</b>	<b>TARGET</b>	<b>TARGET ACHIEVE</b>	<b>REMARKS</b>
1	HEALTH			
1.1	NO.OF O.PD CONDUCTED	12	12	
1.2	NO.OF TOTAL BENEFICIRIES	600	722	
2	EDUCATION			
2.1	NO. OF CHILDREN IMPARTED EDUCATION IN NFE	50	57	
2.2	NO. OF CHILDREN MAINSTREAM BY EXTN. CENTER	15	17	
3	VACATIONAL TRAINING			
3.1	NO. OF TRAINEES ENROLLED	100	102	
3.2	NO. OF TRAINEES CERTIFIED	90	100	
4	S.H.G			
4.1	TOTAL SHG PROMOTTEDBY EXTN. CENTER	3	3	
4.2	NO. OF SHG LINKED WITH BANK	3	2	
5	INFORMATION CENTER			
5.1	NO. OF ENQUIRIES	1200	2754	
6	WASH			
6.1	NO.AWARENESS SESSION	24	24	
6.2	CELEBRATION OF IMPORTANT DAYS	3	3	
6.3	CELEBRATION OF MASS CLEANLINESS DRIVE	2	2	
6.4	FORMATION OF GROUPS ON WASH	4	4	

**Case study**

Under SDDSD Project a significant change has visible in Pankaj Garden community. Pankaj Garden Community situated at Goyla Dairy in Matiyala constituency and MCD ward Nagli Sakarawati No.134. It has about 180 Households are habitants from UP, Bihar, Haryana. The main occupation of community is working as domestic help at nearby Dwarka. They are occupied in all type of sanitation works and among them some families are working as sewage workers (they mainly work with private contractors) Rickshaw pulling, vendor and construction labour are the other occupations of the community. The community has notified by DUSIB as slum. There was no water and sanitation facility here because houses are so small to construct a toilet and due to low income they were unable to construct a toilet. When we start to talk with them that under SBM the government is keen to provide toilet for all. But they were suspicious



because they have submitted their demand to local counselor. There were no hope and whole community attends nature's call in open at Najafgarh drain. It was so difficult for old people and children to go for relieve in the night, the women and adolescent girls feel shame to go open. Every day in the dark they face fear of snakes and bullies.

Under SDSA project community mobilize urged to community to form water and sanitation group in the community to address all the water and sanitation related problems. A group formed and an application has been prepared for the MCD but not answer has been received. But WaterAid organized an advocacy meeting with DUSIB where the same issue raised by MRYDO and issue was noted when MRYDO worker went to DUSIB office at Rajauri garden, they inform Mr. P.K. that two CTCs has been sanctioned at Goyla dairy at budget of 45 Lack each. DUSIB rapidly constructed CTCs at JJ cluster Goyla dairy and Pankaj Garden. Though 4 CTCs still exist in the area but they are defunct and when MRYDO workers met with MCD the engineer told them that they are not willing to use such toilet. After this we met people to ask them and report from MCD. A person says that in MCD toilets the charges are very high. So they cannot pay INR 5 each time.

We met with DUSIB and share the problem of the people; they said that DUSIB do not charge such amount from the people, because our toilets are people friendly. The toilet construction is almost complete now and Pankaj Garden community has CTC and very soon the community starts to use this become open defecation free community.



### Case study

Under the SDSA Project, students become trainers and ambassadors of Sanitation. MRYDO organization has implemented Water and Sanitation project in South West district of Delhi. The project was aimed to create suitable environment for manual scavenger community. Because most of community send their kids to Government school so working with children to ensure their water and sanitation facilities was solid idea to work with the children of Manual



Scavengers and Sanitation workers community. The hygiene was our point to address in schools and during the world toilet day, organization held hygiene sessions for the students. Among these schools a teachers suggests that children need to repeat these sessions regularly. So the idea of sanitation Ambassador was born but it was very difficult task to get permission from Education departments because children are subject of top security and any possibility of mishaps always possible and who will be responsible for any misfortune with children.

MRYDO convinced them with their previous record of working with children and ensure that training will be held at school premise and NGO staff takes responsibility to carry them at Training place and leave them at school during the school hours. 50 schools of the Najafgarh area where organization already conducted hygiene session were selected as list were authenticated by education department for the training purposes. The concerned schools were contacted and order was shown them.

School authorities were also contacted for the teachers' trainings because in absence of conceptual clarity about water-sanitation and hygiene it was very difficult to sustain activities of Sanitation ambassadors. 10 students from each school were selected, 5 from class five to carry messages in next classes and 5 from class 4 to teach fellow students within the school. the seven component of wash were communicated with children in child friendly manners with games and presentation by students. it was find during our observation that in spite of good knowledge of Hygiene, government school lacks the facilities of hand washing so a proposal of three stage hand washing platform has been prepared and hand washing platform has been constructed now this school has maximum hand washing during mid day meal. The teachers of school monitor cleanliness and hygiene of students. 500 students were trained as sanitation ambassadors and now they are spreading hygiene awareness within school and community. The trained teachers are now guardian of the wash clubs and have monitoring chart of cleanliness of school premise.





Teachers Refreshing training



Handwashing session



Global Handwashing day



Three stage drinking water point at school